CS 211: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING (3-0-2: 4)

Introduction: Introduction to object oriented programming, user defined types, structures, unions, polymorphism, encapsulation; getting started with C++ syntax, data types, variables, strings, functions, default values in functions, recursion, namespaces, operators, flow control, arrays and pointers.

Abstraction Mechanism: Classes, private, public, data members, member functions, inline function, friend functions, static members, and references, constructors, destructors

Inheritance: Class hierarchy, derived classes, single inheritance, multiple, multilevel, hybrid inheritance, role of virtual base class, constructor and destructor execution, base initialization using derived class constructors

Polymorphism: Binding, Static binding, Dynamic binding, Static polymorphism: Function Overloading, Ambiguity in function overloading, Dynamic polymorphism: Base class pointer, object slicing, late binding, method overriding with virtual functions, pure virtual functions, abstract classes

Operator Overloading: This pointer, applications of this pointer, Operator function, member and non-member operator function, operator overloading, I/O operators

Exception Handling: try, throw and catch, exceptions and derived classes, function exception declaration, unexpected exceptions, exception when handling exceptions, resource capture and release

Memory Management: Dynamic memory management, new and delete operators, object copying, copy constructor, assignment operator, virtual destructor

Templates: Template classes, template functions

Standard Template Library: Fundamental idea about string, iterators, hashes, iostreams and other types

Namespaces: User defined namespaces, namespaces provided by library

Files: Working with files

Suggested Laboratory Assignments:

1. Programs on concepts of classes and objects.

- 2. Programs using inheritance.
 - (i) Single inheritance
 - (ii) Multiple inheritance
 - (iii) Multi-level inheritance
 - (iv) Use of virtual base classes
- 3. Programs using static polymorphism.
 - (i) Function overloading
 - (ii) Ambiguities while dealing with function overloading
- 4. Programs on dynamic polymorphism.
 - (i) Use of virtual functions
 - (ii) Use of abstract base classes
- 5. Programs on operator overloading.
 - (i) Operator overloading using member operator functions.
 - (ii) Operator overloading using non-member operator functions.
 - (iii) Advantages of using non-member operator functions.
- 6. Programs on dynamic memory management using new, delete operators.
- 7. Programs on copy constructor and usage of assignment operator.
- 8. Programs on exception handling.

9. Programs on generic programming using template function and template class.

10. Programs on file handling.

Text Book:

1. E. Balagurusamy, Object Oriented Programming with C++, McGraw-Hill

References:

- 1. ANSI and Turbo C++ by Ashoke N. Kamthane, Pearson Education
- 2. H. Schild, C++: The Complete Reference, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Rajiv Sahay, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Oxford
- 4. Venugopal, Mastering C++ McGraw-Hill